LOYOLA COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS), CHENNAI – 600 034

B.Sc. DEGREE EXAMINATION – **CHEMISTRY**

FIFTH SEMESTER – NOVEMBER 2013

CH 5404 - BIO CHEMISTRY

Date : 18/11/2013 Time : 9:00 - 12:00

STATEST

Dept. No.

Max.: 100 Marks

Part-A

Answer all questions. Each question carries two marks.

- 1. What are organelles?
- 2. What is oxidative deamination? Mention its biological importance.
- 3. What are Coenzymes? Give two examples.
- 4. Mention the specificity of an enzyme with an example.
- 5. What are derived lipids? Give an example.
- 6. What are hydrolytic and oxidative rancidity?
- 7. Give any two reactions of reducing sugars.
- 8. How is cellulose hydrolyzed?
- 9. Mention any two differences between DNA and RNA.
- 10. Draw the structures of cytosine and uracil.

Part-B

Answer eight questions. Each question carries five marks.

- 11. Give any one preparation and any two reactions of α -aminoacids.
- 12. How is N-terminal sequence of amino acid determined by Edman's method?
- 13. Discuss any two types of enzyme inhibition with examples.
- 14. Briefly explain the denaturation of proteins.
- 15. Explain the factors affecting enzyme activity in detail.
- 16. What are lipids? How are they classified?
- 17. Explain (a) saponification number (b) iodine value
- 18. Discuss the β -oxidation of fatty acids.

- 19. How is the structure of glucose elucidated?
- 20. Write in detail the sequence of reaction in the Embden-Meyerhoff pathway.
- 21. Give an account of oxidative phosphorylation.
- 22. Draw and explain the double helical structure of DNA.

Part-C

Answer four questions. Each question carries ten marks.

- 23. Write a detailed note on the solid phase synthesis of peptides.
- 24. How is the rate of a reaction determined by Michaelis-Menten hypothesis? Derive an expression for the hypothesis.
- 25. Describe the Classification of enzymes with suitable examples.
- 26. Describe TCA cycle and its energetics.
- 27. Discuss the biosynthesis of cholesterol.
- 28. Explain the following: (a) replication of DNA and (b) recombinant DNA technology. (5+5)
